

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20224

SEP 2 7 2005

Uniform Issue List: 408.03-00

Legend:

Bank A =

Bank B =

Amount D =

Amount E =

Amount F =

IRA X =

IRAY =

Dear

This is in response to your request dated August 25, 2005, in which you request a waiver of the 60-day rollover requirement contained in section 408(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code").

The following facts and representations have been submitted under penalty of perjury in support of the ruling requested

You are 89 years old, and you represent that you received a distribution from IRA Y totaling Amount E. You assert that your failure to accomplish a rollover within the 60-day period prescribed by section 408(d)(3) of the Code was due to your reliance on a letter from Bank B informing you that you were required to take a minimum required distribution ("MRD") for 2004. You further represent that Amount E has not been used for any other purpose.

You maintained IRA X (an individual retirement arrangement described in section 408(a) of the Code) at Bank A. IRA X contained Amount F. You received a MRD for 2004 from IRA X of Amount D in January 2004.

In July 2004 you transferred the funds in IRA X to IRA Y, maintained at Bank B in a direct trustee-to-trustee transfer. In December 2004, Bank B, not knowing that you had received a distribution earlier in the year, sent you a letter informing you that since your were over 70 ½ you were required to take a MRD. Subsequently, on December 7, 2004, Bank B distributed Amount E to you from IRA Y, as a minimum required distribution. In March 2005 you realized that your minimum distribution was exceeded by amount E. The 60-day rollover period had expired when you realized the error.

Based on the facts and representations, you request a ruling that the Internal Revenue Service waive the 60 day rollover requirement with respect to the distribution of Amount E contained in section 408(d)(3) of the Code in this instance.

Section 408(d)(1) of the Code provides that, except as otherwise provided in section 408(d), any amount paid or distributed out of an IRA shall be included in gross income by the payee or distributee, as the case may be, in the manner provided under section 72 of the Code.

Section 408(d)(3) of the Code defines, and provides the rules applicable to IRA rollovers.

Section 408(d)(3)(A) of the Code provides that section 408(d)(1) of the Code does not apply to any amount paid or distributed out of an IRA to the individual for whose benefit the IRA is maintained if

- (i) the entire amount received (including money and any other property) is paid into an IRA for the benefit of such individual not later than the 60th day after the day on which the individual receives the payment or distribution; or
- (ii) the entire amount received (including money and any other property) is paid into an eligible retirement plan (other than an IRA) for the benefit of such individual not later than the 60th day after the date on which the payment or distribution is received, except that the maximum amount which may be paid into such plan may not exceed the portion of the amount received which is includible in gross income (determined without regard to section 408(d)(3)).

Section 408(d)(3)(B) of the Code provides that section 408(d)(3) does not apply to any amount described in section 408(d)(3)(A)(i) received by an individual from an IRA if at any time during the 1-year period ending on the day of such receipt such individual received any other amount described in section 408(d)(3)(A)(i) from an IRA which was not includible in gross income because of the application of section 408(d)(3).

Section 408(d)(3)(D) of the Code provides a similar 60-day rollover period for partial rollovers.

Section 408(d)(3)(E) of the Code provides that the rollover provisions of section 408(d) do not apply to any amount required to be distributed under section 408(a)(6).

Section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code provides that the Secretary may waive the 60-day requirement under sections 408(d)(3)(A) and 408(d)(3)(D) of the Code where the failure to waive such requirement would be against equity or good conscience, including casualty, disaster, or other events beyond the reasonable control of the individual subject to such requirement. Only distributions that occurred after December 31, 2001, are eligible for the waiver under section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code.

Rev. Proc. 2003-16, 2003-4 I.R.B. 359 (January 27, 2003) provides that in determining whether to grant a waiver of the 60-day rollover requirement pursuant to section 408(d)(3)(I), the Service will consider all relevant facts and circumstances, including: (1) errors committed by a financial institution; (2) inability to complete a rollover due to death, disability, hospitalization, incarceration, restrictions imposed by a foreign country or postal error, (3) the use of the amount distributed (for example, in the case of payment by check, whether the check was cashed); and (4) the time elapsed since the distribution occurred.

The information presented and documentation submitted by you is consistent with your assertion that your failure to accomplish a timely rollover was due to a miscommunication between you and Bank B and your reliance on Bank B's correspondence. This caused Bank B to distribute Amount E to you, which caused you to exceed your minimum required distribution.

Therefore, pursuant to section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code, the Service hereby waives the 60-day rollover requirement with respect to the distribution of Amount E from IRA Y. You are granted a period of 60 days from the issuance of this ruling letter to contribute Amount E into IRA Y. Provided all other requirements of section 408(d)(3) of the Code, except the 60-day requirement, are met with respect to such contribution, Amount E will be considered a rollover contribution within the meaning of section 408(d)(3) of the Code.

This ruling does not authorize the rollover of amounts that are required to be distributed by section 401(a)(9) of the Code.

No opinion is expressed as to the tax treatment of the transaction described herein under the provisions of any other section of either the Code or regulations which may be applicable thereto.

This letter is directed only to the taxpayer who requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) of the Code provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

Sincerely yours,

Frances V. Sloan, Manager,

Employee Plans Technical Group

Enclosures:

Deleted copy of ruling letter Notice of Intention to Disclose

CC: